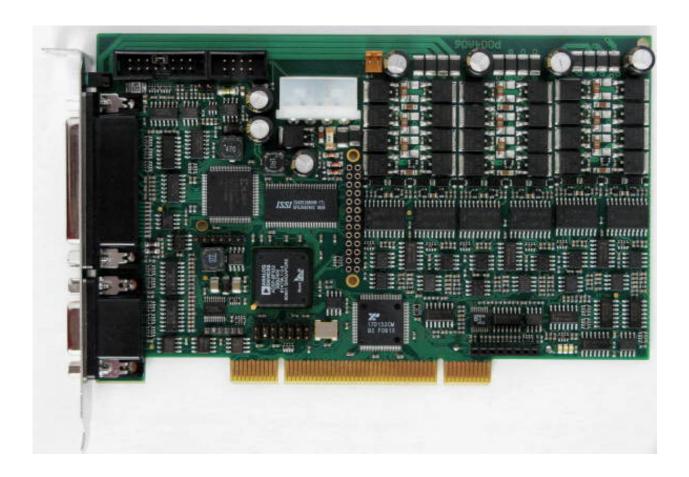
Operating Manual Tango PCI-S





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1. Product Description

The PCI slot card Tango PCI-S, hereafter named "Controller", is a device for driving 2/4 phase stepper motors. It can be operated either in the operation mode "automatic operation" by using the PCI bus of a PC or optionally via RS232 interface or in the mode "manual operation" by means of a joystick, track ball or with a hand wheel. 2 limit switch inputs are available per axis, meant for limitation of travel range and for calibrating. Optionally, other digital and analogous I/O are available, which have partly been equipped with special functions and are placed in the plug connector list under AUX-I/O. Furthermore, a interface module is available for connecting various types of incremental encoders



2. Safety Instructions

- Repair works may only be carried out by qualified specialist staff, which is familiar with the Controller and only with written permission from Märzhäuser Wetzlar. It is forbidden for any other persons to carry out repair works.
- The Controller is suited for mounting in a PC with PCI bus according to specification PCI 2.3 with 3,3V or 5 V bus voltage. It is not suitable for other Controllers, other PCI specifications or other bus voltages.
- Only devices, which have been released for this purpose by Märzhäuser Wetzlar, may be connected.
 Non-compliance can cause damage to the Controller or to the connected device. Accessories such as joystick,
 hand wheel, track ball, wiring sets in the PC, connecting leads exterior of the PC, etc. are available at
 Märzhäuser Wetzlar. Märzhäuser Wetzlar cannot be held responsible for any results from connections made with
 accessories, which have not been approved of.
- The Controller has parts which react sensitively to electrostatic discharge (ESD sensitive). Ground all parts that are in contact with the Controller, this includes yourself.
- During and before mounting the card in to the PC as well as with the mounting of the accessories ensure that all parts are free of voltage. Check that mounting of all components is correct before switching the PC on.
- Make sure that your PC's electricity supply, and if attached also external motor voltage power supply are sufficient for the operation of the card. (See also: "Technical Data".)
- Install the card in such a manner that prevents splinters, liquids or other objects getting in contact with the card.
- Install the card in such a way that no heat accumulations originate. The max. allowed ambient temperatures are listed in the Technical Data.
- While the PC is switched on, do not plug in or remove connecting plugs.
- Ensure that the Controller, in combination with its application, corresponds to applicable safety regulations and statutory regulations. This Controller is correspondent to EN61010-1:2001 "Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use". Please take into consideration that the actual motor voltage may be as high as the DC voltage at the plug motor voltage.
- Endangering movement: The normal status is that the HDI (joystick, track ball, hand wheel) is active once the device has been switched on. Ensure that danger-bringing movements can neither in this nor in any other operation mode originate. Note: The Controller can also be configured in such a way that the joystick remains inactive after switching on the device.
- Parts of the Controller can become very hot during operation. Prevent touching the card during and shortly after the operation. A cool down time of 2min at ambient temperature should be kept. Prevent any objects from contacting the surface of the Controller.

3. Manufacturer's Declaration

Herewith we declare that the positioning controller Tango DT is not a ready-for-use or ready-for-connection device as mentioned in the "Directive: General Product Safety", the "EMI Directive" or in the "EC-Machine Guideline", but a component.

The finally intended mode of operation can only be achieved by integration into the user's construction. The conformity of the user's construction with existing safety regulations and/or statutory regulations lies in the user's area of responsibility.

Regulations and recommendations for installation and designated operation are included in the manual.

The initial operation of the Controller is prohibited until it has been ascertained, that all legal protection and safety requirements have been complied with.

3.1 Underlying EU Directives:

EMI-Directive: 2004/106/EG dated 15.12.2004 Low-Voltage Directive: 2006/96/EG dated 12.12.2006

3.2 Applied Harmonised Standards:

The Controller has been developed and was manufactured on the basis of following standards.

EN61326-1: 2006 EN61010-1: 2002

4. Installation and Initial Operation

- Before beginning with the installation and initial operation first of all please read chapter 2 "Safety Instructions" completely.
- Detach the PC's power plug from its socket. This is for your own security and prevents damages to Motherboard and/or Tango Controller in case of any possible standby voltages in your PC.
- If necessary mount the expansion modules to the controller Tango PCI-S.
- Mount the card (with expansion modules if existent) in your PC.
- Connect the Controller's connector "motor voltage" to
 - a) the power supply unit of your PC (12 V from hard disk plug, Controller has Y cable enclosed) or
 - b) to an optionally available external power supply by using the corresponding cable set.
- In case of the options
 - a) Connection motor 4 or
 - b) AUX-I/O connector

mount the corresponding bracket together with the premounted accompanying wiring sets.

Connect the wiring sets according to "Image 2: Position of components".

- In case of AUX-I/O Connector option: Check that wiring is correct. The motors are without current if AUX I/O, Pin PSE isn't connected to +12V. A start-up adapter (see chapter 8.3.4) is provided.
- Connect the Controller to the motors by using provided motor cables.
- If necessary, connect the joystick, track ball or hand-wheel to the connector HDI.
- In case of encoder interface option: Connect the encoders to appropriate sockets of the Controller.
- Caution when switching on the Controller: Once the Controller has been switched on components will be searched for in the HDI. If the joystick is used then the zero point will now be calibrated. The process is finished when the status LED lights up. Make sure that during this period of time the joystick doesn't get shifted. The result would be that the zero point would also be shifted and axes would move when letting go of the joystick!
- Connect PC with socket and switch on, if necessary together with the external power supply unit.

• The PC will now search for a driver for the card. Insert the provided CD. Follow the installation instructions for loading the driver.

- If necessary, check that used limit switches (polarity, normally open / normally closed, pull up / pull down resistance) correspond with the settings of the Controller.
- Once the status LED lights up you can carefully proceed operating joystick, hand-wheel or track ball axes.
- Now check the connection between computer and Controller. This is achieved by setting up the right connection parameters (standard: 57600 Bauds, 11 bits of frame, 1 start bit, 8 data bits, 2 stop bits). The Controller uses a "Virtual Com Port". The COM port with the highest number is usually the correct one. The driver will automatically raise the inner baud rate to the highest value that is allowed (e.g., 3Mbaud), even if other parameters are still shown at the interface, e.g., 57600 Bauds.
- Send (e.g., via the hyper terminal) the command "ver". The response you receive in return is the version number of the Controller.
- Further commands can be found in the list of commands.

5. Position of Connections and LEDs

The connection's configurations as well as their technical data are described in the chapter named *Connectors*, *Measure Points*, *Pads*, *LEDs*, *Solder Bridges*, *Fuses*.

The following connections are optional:

- AUX I/O: See connector description

Expansion modules (e.g., encoder interface) can be connected to the extension module plug.

The Status LED at the slot metal sheet has following functions:

- a) LED off: Controller not ready
- b) LED on: Controller ready
- c) LED blinks approx. 1x / sec.: Boot loader active
- d) LED blinks approx. 3x / sec.: Output stages are switched off via PSE Signal or an error
- e) LED blinks approx. 6x / sec.: Status not OK, e.g., false command
- Ref. c): A software update can be loaded by using the boot loader in the Controller. During this period of time the Controller must remain switched on!
- Ref. d): The output stages may be switched off for one of the following reasons:
 - o The over current shut down of the output stage has responded (=error)
 - An operating voltage is beyond its specification (=error)
 - With the PSE input in connector AUX I/O the output stages have been deactivated.

The 3 LEDs "Powerstage 1,2,3 ON" in each case indicate whether the accompanying output stage is switched on or not

By connecting both pins of X102 (Reset) only the Controller will be reseted but not, however, the PCI Bus.

The fuse F601 has only to be replaced by Märzhäuser Wetzlar. In case of a defect the controller has to be sent to the service address (see chapter 9.2).

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6. TANGO PCI-S: Connectors, Measure Points, Pads, LEDs, Fuse

6.1 25-Pin D-Sub Socket: Motor 1-3 (X401)

Pin	Label	Function
1	MOT1PH1+	Motor 1, Phase 1+
2	MOT1PH1-	Motor 1, Phase 1-
3	MOT1PH2+	Motor 1, Phase 2+
4	MOT1PH2-	Motor 1, Phase 2-
5	MOT2PH1+	Motor 2, Phase 1+
6	MOT2PH1-	Motor 2, Phase 1-
7	MOT2PH2+	Motor 2, Phase 2+
8	МОТ2РН2-	Motor 2, Phase 2-
9	END10	Endswitch axis 1, zeropoint)*
10	END1END	Endswitch axis 1, endpoint)*
11	ETS A	Electronic Identification Plate A
12	ETS B	Electronic Identification Plate B
13	N.C.	Not connected
14	MOT3PH1+	Motor 3, Phase 1+
15	МОТЗРН1-	Motor 3, Phase 1-
16	МОТЗРН2+	Motor 3, Phase 2+
17	МОТЗРН2-	Motor 3, Phase 2-
18	END20	Endswitch axis 2, zeropoint)*
19	END2END	Endswitch axis 2, endpoint)*
20	END30	Endswitch axis 3, zeropoint)*
21	END3END	Endswitch axis 3, endpoint)*
22	+5VEXT2	+5V)**
23	N.C.	Not connected
24	GND	GND
25	GND	GND
Housing		GND

^{)*} TTL-Input, 1kOhm Pull up/down, software selectable, Low Pass-Filter 1kOhm, 100nF)** +5VEXT2: Max. current is 500mA.

6.2 4-Pin PC-Harddisk Drive Plug: Motor Voltage (X601)

Pin	Label	Description
1	+VMOT	11.450.4V, fuse on board (F601): 4A
2	GND	
3	GND	
4	NC	

6.3 15-Pin HD-Sub Socket: HDI Interface (X402)

HDI = Human Device Interface (Joystick, Trackball, Coaxial Drive)

Pin	Label	Description)*	Function Joystick	Function Trackball	Function Coaxial Drive
1	IN1A	AN, FI 1k,10n	Axis 1	/	Axis 1, A+
2	IN2A	AN, FI 1k,10n	Axis 2	/	Axis 1, B+
3	IN3A	AN, FI 1k,10n	Axis 3	/	Axis 2, A+
4	IN4A	AN, FI 1k,10n	Key F1	Middle Key: Resolution up	Axis 2, B+
5	SPEED	AN, FI 1k,100n	Key F3	Left Key: Resolution down	/
6	IN1B	AN, FI 1k,10n	/	Axis 1, Quadrature 1	Axis 1, A-
7	IN2B	AN, FI 1k,10n	/	Axis 1, Quadrature 2	Axis 1, B-
8	IN3B	AN, FI 1k,10n	/	Axis 2, Quadrature 1	Axis 2, A-
9	IN4B	AN, FI 1k,10n	/	Axis 2, Quadrature 2	Axis 2, B-
10	HDI_ID	AN, PU, FI 1k,100n	Autom. Identification	Autom. Identification	Autom. Identification
11	SNAP_SHOT1	TTL, PU, FI 1k,10n	Key F2	Snap-Shot	Snap-Shot
12	AX_SEL	TTL, PU, FI 1k,10n	Key F4	Right Key	Axis Select
13	HDI_ON	5V-CMOS OUT, RI=1k	LED Device	/	/
14	+5VEXT1	5V, 50mA,max.	+5Vref	+5V	+5V
15	GND	GND	AGND	GND	GND
Housing		GND	Shield (GND)	Shield (GND)	Shield (GND)

^{)*} AN = Analogue Input 0...5V, TTL = TTL-Input, PU = Pull-Up 4.7kOhm → +5V, FI = Low Pass-Filter

6.4 8-Pin Header Male (Normal Pin Count): UART Extern (X404)

Pin	Label	Description
1	GND	
2	EXT_TXT	Output, 3,3V CMOS level
3	EXT_RXD)1
4	EXT_RTS	Output, 3,3V CMOS level
5	EXT_CTS)1, "Low" = interface active / available
6	VCC5	
7	VCC3	
8	GND	

^{)*} Input, TTL / 3,3V CMOS level, 5V-tolerant, Pull-up 4,7kOhm → +3,3V

6.5 16-Pin Header Male (D-Sub Pin Count): AUX I/O (X403)

		•	, , ,	
Pin	Label	Description)*	Function	
1	TAKT_IN	TTL, PU, FI 1k,1n	Pulse input for Pulse/Direction Mode of one axis	
2	V/R_IN	TTL, PU, FI 1k,1n	Direction input for Pulse/Direction Mode of one axis	
3	STOP-	TTL, PU, FI 1k,10n	TTL low = All axes stop	
4	SNAP_SHOT2-	TTL, PU, FI 1k,10n	TTL low = position capture	
5	TAKT_OUT	HCMOS - Output 5V	Pulse output for Pulse/Direction Mode of one external axis.	
6	V/R_OUT	HCMOS - Output 5V	Direction output for Pulse/Direction Mode of one external axis.	
7	SHUTTER_OUT	HCMOS - Output 5V	For driving an external shutter control.	
8	TRIGGER_OUT	HCMOS - Output 5V	Position synchronized trigger output	
9	ANIN0	AN, FI 1k,100n	05V Analogue input	
10	ANOUT0	Analogue Out	Ua = 010V, RI= 100 Ohm, Resolution: 14 bit	
11	ANOUT1	Analogue Out	Ua = 010V, RI= 100 Ohm, Resolution: 14 bit	
12	PSE	Power Stage Enable	Power Stage Enable. When connected to +12V: Power stages are enabled. When open or connected to GND: Power stages are off. Switching power: 12V, 4A (<10ms) afterwards max. 200mA.	
13	+12V	+12V	Max. current is 500mA + 200mA for Pin 12 (PSE)	
14	+5VEXT2	5V)**		
15	GND	GND		
16	GND	GND		

^{)*} AN = Analogue Input 0...5V, TTL = TTL-Input, PU = Pull-Up 4.7kOhm → +5V, FI = Low Pass-Filter)** +5VEXT2: Max. current is 500mA.

6.6 26-Pin Header Female (Normal Pin Count): Extension Module (X501)

Pin	Label	Description / Function	
1	DR0B	SPORT: Data Receive 0 Channel B, 10k → GND	
2	GND	GND	
3	DR0A	SPORT: Data Receive 0 Channel A, 10k → GND	
4	GND	GND	
5	RFS0	SPORT: Receive Frame Sync 0, 10k → GND	
6	GND	GND	
7	RSCLK0	SPORT: Receive Shift Clock 0, 10k → GND	
8	GND	GND	
9	DT0B	SPORT: Data Transmit 0, Channel B	
10	X_ZBV2	I/O, 3.3V CMOS level, 5V tolerant, 10k → GND	
11	RESET-	Reset low active, Open Drain, level: 3,3V	
12	X_ZBV1	I/O, 3.3V CMOS level, 5V tolerant, 10k → GND	
13	SPI MOSI	SPI-Interface: Master Out, Slave In, 3.3V CMOS- level	
14	X_ZBV0	I/O, 3.3V CMOS level, 5V tolerant, 10k → GND	
15	SPI MISO	SPI-Interface: Master In, Slave Out, 3.3V CMOS level	
16	X_ID1	Identifier Input 1: Analogue Input 05V, 4.7K→GND,10nF→GND	
17	SPI SCK	SPI-Interface: Shift Clock, 3.3V CMOS level	
18	X_ID0	Identifier Input 0: Analogue input 05V, 4.7K→GND,10nF→GND	
19	SPI_CSMOD-	SPI-Interface: Chip Select, 3.3V CMOS level	
20	VCC3	+3.3V	
21	IRQ_MOD-	Interrupt Input, 3.3V CMOS-level, 10k → +3.3V	
22	V-5V	-5V	
23	VCC5	+5V	
24	V-12V	-12V	
25	+VMOT_I	Motor voltage, fused by F601 (normal +11.450V)	
26	V+12V	+12V	

6.7 5-Pin Header Male, Pitch 2mm: SPI (X101)

Only for manufacturer's information.

Pin	Label
1	SPI_CLK
2	Key
3	SPI_MISO
4	SPI_MOSI
5	SPI_CSBOOT-
6	GND

6.8 2-Pin Header Male: Reset (X102)

Pin	Label
1	RESET-
2	GND

6.9 14-Pin Header Male: JTAG DSP (X103)

Only for manufacturer's information.

Pin	Label/Function	Connection
1	Pull Up	10k → +3.3V
2	EMU_AD-	
3	Key	Pin removed
4	GND	
5	VCC	+3.3V
6	TMS_AD	10k → +3.3V
7	GND	
8	TCK_AD	10k → +3.3V
9	GND	
10	TRST_AD-	4.7k→GND
11	GND	
12	TDI_AD	10k → +3.3V
13	GND	
14	TDO_AD	

6.10 6-Pin Header Male: JTAG CPLD (X104)

Only for manufacturer's information.

Pin	Label
1	+3.3V
2	GND
3	TCK_XI
4	TDO_XI
5	TDI_XI
6	TMS XI

6.11 PCI-Plug (X301)

Only used pins are listed. Low active pins have a – extension. V+IO specifies the bus voltage for the PCI bus.

_ ,	w active pins have a – extension.		
Pin	Label / Function	Pin	Label / Function
A2	+12V	B1	-12V
A4	TDI	B3, B15, B17, B22, B28,	GND
		B34, B46, B49, B57	
A5, A8, A61, A62	+5V	B4	TDO
A6	INTA-	B5, B6, B61, B62	+5V
A10, A16, A59	V+IO	B11	PRSNT2- (GND)
A12, A13	KEYWAY FOR 3,3V CARD	B12, B13	KEYWAY FOR 3,3V CARD
A15	RST-	B16	CLK
A18, A24, A30, A35, A37,	GND	B19, B59	V+IO
A42, A48, A56			
A20	AD30	B20	AD31
A21, A27, A33, A39, A45,	V+3,3V	B21	AD29
A53			
A22	AD28	B23	AD27
A23	AD26	B24	AD25
A25	AD24	B25, B31, B36, B41,	V+3,3V
106	TD GET	B43, B54	G/DF2
A26	IDSEL	B26	C/BE3-
A28	AD22	B27	AD23
A29	AD20	B29	AD21
A31	AD18	B30	AD19
A32	AD16	B32	AD17
A34	FRAME-	B33	C/BE2-
A36	TRDY-	B35	IRDY-
A38	STOP-	B37	DEVSEL-
A43	PAR	B38	PCIXCAP oder GND
A44	AD15	B40	PEER-
A46	AD13	B42	SERR-
A47	AD11	B44	C/BE1-
A49	AD09	B45	AD14
A50, A51	KEYWAY FOR 5V CARD	B47	AD12
A52	C/BE0-	B48	AD10
A54	AD06	B49	M66EN (GND)
A55	AD04	B50, B51	KEYWAY FOR 5V CARD
A57	AD02	B52	AD08
A58	AD00	B53	AD07
		B55	AD05
		B56	AD03
		B58	AD01

6.12 8-Pin Header Female: Monitor Motorcurrent (X701)

Pin	Label	Description
1	GND	
2	I1,PH1,IST	Motor Current Axis 1, Phase 1)*
3	I1,PH2,IST	Motor Current Axis 1, Phase 2)*
4	I2,PH1,IST	Motor Current Axis 2, Phase 1)*
5	I2,PH2,IST	Motor Current Axis 2, Phase 2)*
6	I3,PH1,IST	Motor Current Axis 3, Phase 1)*
7	I3,PH2,IST	Motor Current Axis 3, Phase 2)*
8	GND	

^{)*} U = 110mV/A depending on I,max = 1,25A; U = 55mV/A depending on I,max = 2,5A, Ri = 1kOhm

6.13 2-pol Stiftleiste PS25/2G: LED Frontplate (X105)

Nr.	Bezeichnung	Description
1	LED +	Level: 5V, Ri = 220 Ohm
2	GND	GND

6.14 Measurement Pins

6.14.1 Measurement Pins

No.	Label	Function
1	MP604	GND
2	MP804	GND

6.14.2 Multi-layer PADs

No.	Label	Measured variable	Measurement value	Description
1	PAD101	1.2V	0.81.32V (programmable) 1.2V type.	VDDINT: Voltage is choppered from the DSP for internal use
2	PAD401	+5VEXT1	5V +/- 5%	Supply for X402, HDI
3	PAD403	+5VEXT2	5V +/-5%	Versorgungsspannung für X401, X403 (Motorstecker, Auxiliary I/O)
4	PAD509	+24V	1125V, depends on voltage of power stage	Supply for the current-measurement amplifier.
5	PAD606	+5V_ES	5V +/- 5%	5V-Supply for the overcurrent-protection of the power stages.

6.14.3 Bottom Side PADs

No.	Label	Measured variable	Measurement value	Description
1	PAD102	Reset-	3.3V Reset signal, low-active	Open Drain, 10k Pull-up> 3,3V
2	PAD501	I_1PH1	+/- 4.26V for +/- I,max	Desired value for Motor Current Axis 1, Phase 1
3	PAD502	I_1PH2	+/- 4.26V for +/- I,max	Desired value for Motor Current Axis 1, Phase 2
4	PAD503	I_2PH1	+/- 4.26V for +/- I,max	Desired value for Motor Current Axis 2, Phase 1
5	PAD504	I_2PH2	+/- 4.26V for +/- I,max	Desired value for Motor Current Axis 2, Phase 2
6	PAD505	I_3PH1	+/- 4.26V for +/- I,max	Desired value for Motor Current Axis 3, Phase 1
7	PAD506	I_3PH2	+/- 4.26V for +/- I,max	Desired value for Motor Current Axis 3, Phase 2
8	PAD602	I1,B)*	Current Consumption Power Stage 1
9	PAD604	U_I_LIM	0.164V (0.156V0.168V)	If voltage from the current measurement is higher than this voltage, power stage will shut down.
10	PAD605	DIS_END1	5V HCMOS-Level,	H = Power Stage is off
11	PAD607	TRI+	Triangle Voltage 810V,ss, T=4555μs	
12	PAD608	TRI-	Triangle Voltage 810V,ss, T=4555µs	
13	PAD702	I2,B)*	Current Consumption Power Stage 2
14	PAD704	GND		
15	PAD705	DIS_END2	5V HCMOS-Level,	H = Power Stage is off
16	PAD802	I3,B)*	Current Consumption Power Stage 3
17	PAD804	GND		
18	PAD805	DIS_END3	5V HCMOS-Level,	H = Power Stage is off

^{)*} U = 110mV/A depending on I,max = 1.25A; U = 55mV/A depending on I,max = 2.5A

6.15 LEDs

No.	Label	Label PCB	Description
1	D102	-	Placement: Slot. (For function refer to chapter 5.)
2	D605	1	ON when Power Stage 1 is active
3	D705	2	ON when Power Stage 2 is active
4	D805	3	ON when Power Stage 3 is active

6.16 Fuse

Label	Value	Description
F601		Protection of the Motor Voltage. This fuse has only to be replaced by Märzhäuser Wetzlar.

Revisionhistory Chapter 6:

Number	Version	Date	Changes	Reason
1	A	06.03.2007	Initial version.	
2	В	09.04.2008	6.5 ANOUT0/1: Resolution 14 bit	Resolution inserted

7 Tango PCI-S Specification

Performance Motor C	ontroller
Number of Axes	Up to 4
Type of Motor	Stepper motor 2/4 phases, e.g. 100, 200 or 400 full steps/revolution
Microstep Resolution	819200 steps/revolution (@ motor with 200 steps/revolution)
Power Stage	Automatic adaptation to a wide rage of stepper motors
Max. Phase Current	1.25A / 2.5A, depends on order
Motor Current	Selectable per software 10% to 100% of max. phase current
Current Reduction after Movement	0% to 100% of selected motor current
Current Reduction Delay	Selectable from 010000 ms
Motor Voltage	48V,eff AC max.; 48V DC max. depends on power supply
Mode of Movement	Simultaneous vector drive of 1 to 3 axes or/and single axis movement is even possible at the same time
Max. Amount of Vectors/s with PC	250 vectors per second (depends on used PC and software)
Speed Range	0.00000170 revolutions/s
Acceleration /	0.000120 m/s ² programmable with
Deceleration	one parameter per axis
Position Range	Max. +/-20 m
Command Set	LSTEP or Venus-1 (others on demand)

Processing System	
Processor	ADSP BF532: 32bit, 400 MIPS DSP
Processor Clock Speed	396 MHz
Processor MMACS	Up to 792 MMACS
Flash Memory	4 Mbit for programme storage
EEPROM	256 kBit for configuration data
SDRAM	16Mbyte for extended system
	processing
Fast DSP RAM	84kByte for fast data / instruction
	processing
Reset	Via hardware or software command

_Safety Functions		
Voltage Monitor Logic	Supervises 3.3V and 5V supply, takes reset on low voltage	
Voltage Monitor Power Stage	Switches power stage off in case of low voltage –5V, +12V and motor voltage is out of range, motor voltage is readable via software	
Short Circuit Protection Motor	Phase to phase and phase to ground, power stage switches off within typical 1µs, resetable via software	
Overcurrent Protection for External Devices	Protection for +12V, +5Vext1 and +5Vext2 is self resetting after removing overload	
Hardware Limit Switch Input	2 per axis, TTL-level, NO or NC, switching either to 0V or +5V, software selectable pull-up or pull- down resistors for each input	
Software Limits for Movement	User-definable within range of +-20m	
Software Stop	Stops the movement	
Power Stage Enable ⁾¹	When connected to +12V: Power stages are enabled. When open or connected to GND: Power stages are off.	
Stop Input)1	Stops the movement of all axes	
) - Only with ontion ALIV I/O		

⁾¹⁼ Only with option AUX I/O

I/O: Human Device Interface		
Human Device	For connecting joystick, hand wheel or	
Interface (HDI)	trackball, all with automatic device	
	identification (Plug & Play)	

I/O: Special Function	s (only with option AUX I/O)
Pulse, V/R Out	Pulse and direction signal for driving e.g. an external axis controller
Takt, V/R In	Pulse and direction signal from e.g. an external auto focus unit for driving e.g. the z-axis
Trigger Out	Position synchronized trigger output for e.g. video camera
Shutter Out	Signal for driving e.g. a shutter unit
Snapshot	Position capture: Stores the actual position value. Value can be read afterwards.
Stop	Stops the movement.
PSE	Power Stage Enable. When connected to +12V: Power stages are enabled. When open or connected to GND: Power stages are off.
Analogue Out	2 independent outputs 010V. E.g. for controlling microscope illumination. Resolution: 14 bit
Analogue In	Input 05V, e.g. for temperature measurement
TTL In	Up to 3 TTL user readable inputs
TTL Out	Up to 3 TTL user writeable outputs

Optional Modules	
Encoder Interface	Up to 3 encoders: 1Vpp, MR, TTL, RS422, depends on order. Analogue resolution is 14 bit. RS422 up to 30 MHz.

Power Requirements (without additional cards)		
Motor Voltage	11.450V DC ⁾²	
+12V (+/- 5%)	400 mA (via PCI Plug) ³	
+5V (+/- 5%)	550 mA (via PCI Plug)	
+3,3V (+/-5%)	800 mA (via PCI Plug)	
PCI I/O Voltage	3,3V or 5V	

Supply currents apply only to the controller card without auxiliary modules

 $^{^{)3}}$ If the PSE function is used, the current can reach 4,5A for $80\mu s$.

Environment	
Form factor	LxW = 167.64x106.68mm without
	connectors and bracket
Operating temperature	+570°C ambient
Cooling	Normal convection. Refer to Safety
	Instructions.
Humidity	RH = 85% max., non condensing
Weight	Approx. 200g

^{)&}lt;sup>2</sup> Current depends on type of motor, motor current, DC voltage, number of motors, rotations per second, etc. An estimation is: I,max. = ca. 1/3 x sum of all motor currents. Individual measurements are needed.

8 Accessories

8.1 Joystick







Image 3: Joystick 3-Axis

Image 4: Joystick 2-Axis

Image 5: Joystick 2-Axis with hand wheel

The joysticks shown in the illustration above may only be used in the Controller Tango. Please read the chapter *Safety Instructions* carefully before using the joystick with the Controller Tango PCI-S.

The joysticks are delivered with relaxed joystick mechanics. Slide both pushers, which are situated underneath and to the right of the joystick, towards the middle (see image above). The joystick is now in the medial position.

Joysticks are used for operating axes manually. They have the operational controls Joystick Mechanics and Function Keys.

Joystick Mechanics:

The following assignment of joystick mechanics to moved axis is pre-set:

-	X Direction:	Axis 1
-	Y-Direction:	Axis 2
-	Turn the knop on the stick (only joystick with 3 axes):	Axis 3
-	Turn hand wheel	Axis 3

The following can be achieved by software command:

- 1. Turning the knob on the top of the stick (axis 3) can alternatively be associated to Axis 4.
- 2. The assignment of the motor turning direction to joystick positioning can be inverted per axis.
- 3. Each axis can be locked individually.
- 4. The joystick positioning can be queried.
- 5. The maximum speed per axis can be pre-set.

Function Keys:

The function keys F1... F4 can be interrogated by the user via interface or can be evaluated by the Controller (special function assignment on request).

8.2 Trackball







Image 7: Trackball 2

The trackballs shown in the illustration above may only be used in the Controller Tango. The trackballs are used to operate the Controller's axes manually. They have the operational controls *Ball* and the *Keys* LEFT, RIGHT, CENTRE.

Ball:

The following assignment of turning direction to moved axis is pre-set:

- X-Direction: Axis 1 - Y-Direction: Axis 2

The following can be achieved by software command:

- 1. The assignment of the motor turning direction to ball direction can be inverted per axis.
- 2. Each axis can be locked individually.
- 3. The maximum speed per axis can be pre-set.

Keys:

- Key LEFT: The resolution becomes finer. The travelling range per ball turn decreases.
- Key CENTRE: The resolution becomes coarser. The travelling range per ball turn increases.
- Key RIGHT: Can be interrogated by the user via interface or can be evaluated by the Controller (special function assignment on request).

8.3 Cable Set Internal Wiring

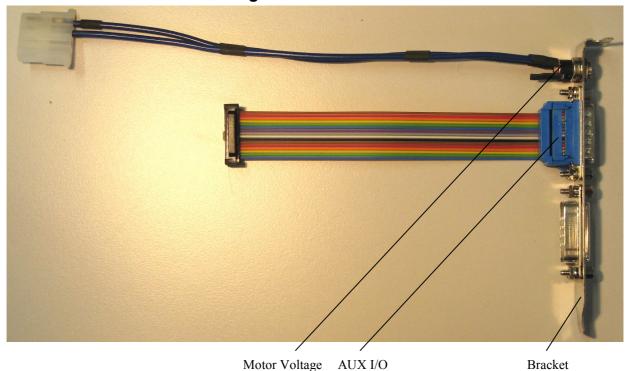


Image 8: Tango PCI-S Cable Set Internal Wiring

The cable set Internal Wiring is used to lead out the optional connections for motor voltage (if an external power supply is used) and AUX I/O. Depending on the order, there may be 1 or 2 cables installed on the bracket.

8.3.1 15-Pin D-Sub Plug: Auxiliary I/O (X403)

Allocation: See chapter 6.7. The Pins 1-15 are equal to the allocation of the D-Sub plug on the bracket. When using this cable please note that the Pin PSE should be connected to +12V for activating the power stages.

8.3.2 2-Pin DC-Plug with 2.1mm Pin: Motor Voltage

Table 1: Allocation of pins DC-plug motor voltage

1	1 0
DC-Plug with middle Pin	Function
Middle (Pin)	+48V (11.450V)
Outside	GND

8.3.4 Start-up Adapter AUX-I/O



This adapter will be provided in case of the option AUX-I/O. It connects Pin 12 (PSE) with Pin 13 (+12V) on the AUX-I/O socket.

If plugged, the powerstages may be activated.

If Pin 12 is unconnected or connected to ground, the powerstages are off.

Image 9: Start-up adapter AUX-I/O

8.4 Power Supply 48V/120W Extern



SPECIFICATION

120W AC-DC Single Output Desktop

AS-120P series



Features:

- * 3 pole AC inlet IEC320-C14
- · Built-in active PFC function, PF>0.95
- . Protections: Short circuit/ Over load/ Over voltage/Over temperature
- High power density 5w/m³
- . Fully endosed plastic case
- . Approvals: UL/ CUL/ TUV/ CB/ CE
- . No load power consumption<0.75W@240VAC
- . ZCS/ZVS technology to reduce power dissipation
- · 2 years warranty



MODEL		AS-120P-12	AS-120P-15	AS-120 P-20	AS-120P-24	AS-120P-48	
	ORDER NO.	AS120P12R7B	AS120P15R7B	AS120P20P1M	AS120P24P1M	AS120P48P1M	
	DCVOLTAGE Note.2	12V	15V	20V	24V	48V	
	RATED CURRENT	8.4A	6.7A	6A	5A	2.5A	
	CURRENT RANGE	0~ 8.4A	0 ~ 6.7A	0~6A	0~5A	0~2.5A	
	RATED POWER	100W	100W	120W	120W	120W	
	RIPPLE & NOISE (max.) Note.3	100mVp-p	100mVp-p	200mVp-p	200mVp-p	240 mVp-p	
OUTPUT		11~13.5V	13.5~ 16.5V	18~22V	21.6~26.4V	43.2~52.8V	
	VOLTAGE A D.J. RANGE	Fixed output by customer choose					
	VOLTAGE TOLERANCE Note.4	±4.0%	±4.0%	±3.0%	±2.0%	±2.0%	
	LINE REGULATION Note.5	±1.0%	±1.0%	±1.0%	±1.0%	±1.0%	
	LOAD REGULATION Note 6	13.5%	±3.0%	12.5%	±2.0%	±2.0%	
	SETUP, RISE TIME	3000ms, 80ms at full lo	ad				
	HOLDTIME (Typ.)	50ms/230VAC 16	ms/115VAC at full load				
	VOLTAGE RANGE	90 ~ 264VAC 127~3	370VDC				
	FREQUENCY RANGE	47 ~ 63Hz					
	POWER FACTOR (Typ.)	PF ≥ 0.95/230VAC	PF ≥0.98/115VAC at f	full load			
INPUT	EFFICIENCY (Typ.)	85.5%	87.5%	89.5%	90%	89%	
ristricti (ACCURRENT (Typ.)		A/230VAC	1.777.4	1777	12277	
	INRUSH CURRENT (Typ.)	120A/230VAC					
	LEAKAGE CURRENT (max.)	<1mA/ 240VAC					
	The second of the second	105~ 135% rated outp	of name				
	OVER LOAD	Protection type : Hiccup mode, recovers automatically after fault condition is removed					
		14~ 16.8V	17 ~ 21V	22.5 ~ 28V	27~33.6V	53.3~67.2V	
PROTECTION	OVER VOLTA GE		100000000000000000000000000000000000000		21 - 50.04	00.0-01.24	
		Protection type: Shut down olp voltage, re-power on to recover OO': 145 TV PTH21 Detection heads ink of names translator					
	OVER TEMPERATURE	90°C ±15°C(RTH2') Detecton heatsink of power transistor Protection type : Shut down ofp voltage, re-power on to recover					
-	WORKING TEMP.	0 ~ + 50°C (Refer to output load derating curve)					
	WORKING HUMIDITY	11 S. C. M. C.					
	STORAGETEMP, HUMIDITY	20% ~ 90% RH non-condensing					
ENVIRONMENT	TEMP. COEFFICIENT	-20~+85°C, 10~95% RH 10.03% / °C (0~50°C)					
	VIBRATION	and the second s	N-11	for 60min, each along X, Y,	7 9740		
	SAFETY STANDARDS	UL60950-1, TUV EN60		or committee and along A, L.	L dates		
	WITHSTANDVOLTAGE	I/P-O/P:4.25KVDC	2000 - I Approved				
SAFETY &	ISOLATION RESISTANCE	I/P-O/P:100M Ohms					
EMC	EMICONDUCTION & RADIATION	CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF	22/0100022/stees B. EC	Y cart 15 Lebas D			
(Note.7)	HARMONIC CURRENT						
	EMS IMMUNITY	Compliance to EN61000-3-2,3 Compliance to EN61000-4-2.3.4,5,6,8,11, Light industry level, criteria A					
	LIFE		ov of 6 years (12 hours /				
	MTBF	308.9K hrs min. MIL		day, rossidad, riswicj			
OTHERS	DIMENSION						
	CONTRACTOR	167*67*35mm (L*W*H)					
	PA CKING PLU G	0.52Kg; 30pcs/16.6Kg/1.1CUFT					
CO NINECTO R	CABLE	Standard type R7B,P2M: 2.5¢ *5.5¢ *11mm, center positive for stock; Other type available by customer requested Standard type 120cm of SPT-1, 16Awg*2c for stock; Other type available by customer requested					
					by dustomer requested		
NOTE	2.DC voltage: The output volt 3.Ripple & noise are measure 4.Tolerence: includes set up 1 5.Line regulation is measure 6.Load regulation is measure	d at 230VAC input, rated load, 25°C 70% Fet. Antisent. tage set at point measure by ping terminal & 50% load. ed at 20MHz by using a 12° twisted pair terminated with a 0.1uf & 47uf capacitor. tolerance, line regulation, load regulation. d from low line to high line at nated load. ed from 0% to 100% rated load. deform 0% to 100% rated load. deform 0% to which will be installed into a final equipment. The final equipment must be re-confirmed that it still meets.					

8.5 Encoder Interface

Generally:

Terminating resistor 120 Ohm for Axis:

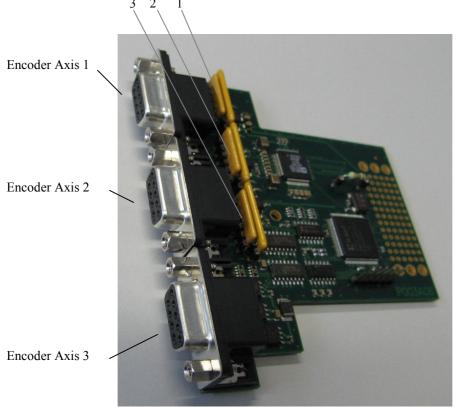




Image 11: PCB with bracket

Image 10: PCB encoder interface

The encoder interface may be used exclusively for the controls Tango PCI, Tango DT and Tango PCI-S. The mechanical design varies depending upon installation situation. The interface will be delivered installed on a Tango controller. For the PCI versions of the Tango, a bracket is mounted on the board (refer to image 2). The encoder interface is useable for the following incremental encoder types:

- RS422 quadrature interface
- 1Vss interface
- MR interface.
- TTL interface: Please contact vendor!

The type of the interface depends on the order.

8.5.1 9 Pin D Sub sockets: Encoder 1-3:

Pin No.	Label	Function
1	-U1	Phase 1 (sine), negative input
2	GND	GND
3	-U2	Phase 2 (cosine), negative input
4	NAS)*	Error signal
5	-U0	Reference signal, negative input
6	+U1	Phase 1 (sine), positive input
7	+5V	Supply voltage
8	+U2	Phase 2 (Cosine), positive input
9	+U0	Reference signal, positive input
Housing		GND, for connecting the shield

^{)*} Input is inactive on delivery

8.5.2 Technical Data

Nr.	Parameter	1Vss	MR	RS422	Comment
1	Input Voltage of	0,61,2Vpp	1,55Vpp	>+/-0,2V	Differential voltage should be in the
	Position Signal				DC voltage range 05V
2	Reference Voltage	> +/- 50mV	> +/- 50 mV	> +/- 50mV	Common mode voltage range 05V
3	NAS-Signal)*	TTL	TTL	TTL	"H" = measure system ok "L" = error, 1kOhm→GND low pass filter 1kOhm/1nF
4	Bandwidth Position Signal	Ca. 250kHz	Ca. 250kHz	32ns edge distance	At very high frequency, the MR and 1Vpp signals will be counted like the RS422 signals.
5	Max. Frequency for the Position Signal during Reference Move	6 kHz	6kHz	> 40µs edge distance	The reference signal will be synchronized with the positioning signal.
6	Max. reachable Interpolation Factor	51400-fold	51400-fold	4-fold	Per signal period
6	Interpolation Factor at max. Voltage of Position Signal	29100- fold	32700- fold	4- fold	Per signal period, based on worst case of signal angle.
7	Interpolation Factor at min. Voltage of Position Signal	14500- fold	9800- fold	4- fold	Per signal period, based on worst case of signal angle.
8	Input Resistance	120 Ohm	120 Ohm	120 Ohm	Input resistance may be changed on request. Please contact vendor.
9	Supply Current +5V				Max. 0,5A per encoder. Amount of all currents is 1A max

^{)*} Input is inactive on delivery

8.6 Tango Achse 4 (Axis 4)

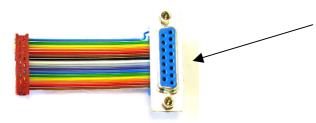




Image 12: Tango Axis 4

Pinning motor connector:

15-pol D-Sub	Function	Comment
Socket Pin		
1,9	MOT1PH1+	Motor, Phase 1-
2,10	MOT1PH1-	Motor, Phase 1+
3,11	MOT1PH2+	Motor, Phase 2+
4,12	MOT1PH2-	Motor, Phase 2-
5	ENDEND	Endswitch endpoint)*
6	END0	Endswitch zeropoint)*
7	+5VEXT	+5V, max. 500mA
8	GND	GND
13,14,15	n.c.	Not connected

)* TTL-Input, 1kOhm Pull up/down, software selectable, Low Pass-Filter 1kOhm, 100nF

LED1: Is on when powerstage is active.

The module Tango Achse 4 is designed to drive a 2 or 4-phase stepper motor. 2 endswitches may be connected to the module. The module must be used exclusively for the Tango PCI-S and Tango DT controller. The mechanical design varies depending upon installation situation. The interface will be delivered installed on a Tango controller. For the PCI versions of the Tango, a bracket is mounted on the motor connector.

Note: The PSE Pin at the AUX-IO connector of the Tango (to switch off the power stage) switches off the power stage of the Tango Achse 4 via software. There is no switching off via Hardware like it is at the Tango PCI-S or Tango DT.

Technical Data:

Performance Motor C	ontroller
Number of Axes	Up to 3
Type of Motor	Stepper motor 2/4 phases, e.g. 100, 200 or 400 full steps/revolution
Microstep Resolution	819200 steps/revolution (@ motor with 200 steps/revolution)
Power Stage	Automatic adaptation to a wide rage of stepper motors
Max. Phase Current	1.25A / 2.5A, depends on order
Motor Current	Selectable per software 10% to 100% of max. phase current
Current Reduction after Movement	0% to 100% of selected motor current
Current Reduction Delay	Selectable from 065000 ms
Motor Voltage	48V,eff AC max.; 48V DC max. depends on power supply

Power Requirements (without additional cards)		
Motor Voltage	11.450V DC ⁾¹	
+12V (+/- 5%)	About 10 mA	
+5V (+/- 5%)	About 15 mA	
+3,3V (+/-5%)	About 30 mA	

¹¹ Current depends on type of motor, motor current, DC voltage, rotations per second, etc. An estimation is: I,max. = ca. 1/3 x motor current. Individual measurements are needed.

Environment	
Form factor	LxW = 57 x 44mm without cable
Operating temperature	+570°C ambient
Cooling	Normal convection
Humidity	RH = 85% max., non condensing
	or / v,on vondenomg

G C L E	
Safety Functions	
Voltage Monitor	Switches powerstage off at low voltage
Power Stage	F
	DI (1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Short Circuit	Phase to phase and phase to ground,
Protection Motor	power stage switches off within typical
	5μs, resetable via software
Overcurrent Protection	+5VEXT is self resetting after
for External Devices	removing overload
Hardware Limit	2 per axis, TTL-level, NO or NC,
Switch Input	switching either to 0V or +5V,
	software selectable pull-up or pull-
	down resistors for each input

9 Inspection and Service

9.1 Maintenance

The positioning Controller is free of maintenance. Clean the cover with a soft, slightly moist, cloth. Avoid direct contact with liquids or solvents.

9.2 Service Address

Should any problem or malfunction appear during operation, please check all external connections first (voltage supply, cabling, etc.). If the malfunction or problem can't be solved, please return the controller to the manufacturer together with a brief description of the error:

Märzhäuser Wetzlar GmbH & Co. KG - Service -In der Murch 15 D-35579 Wetzlar

Email: service@marzhauser.com
Tel.: +49/6441/9116-0

9.3 Disposal



The positioning Controller Tango PCI-S should be returned to the manufacturer free of charge for purpose of disposal. Please send the indicator to the address mentioned in chapter 9.2. Don't dispose electronic equipment to the normal waste.

The positioning Controller is registered with the registration number DE 25271278.

10 Warranty

Märzhäuser Wetzlar GmbH & Co. KG grants a warranty of 24 months for the positioning controller Tango PCI-S.

Within this warranty, Märzhäuser Wetzlar GmbH & Co. KG will repair or replace your instrument, if in any way it is defective in material or workmanship.

Other claims of guarantee or claims of damage in result of defectives, are excluded from this warranty.

This warranty doesn't cover any defectives, which result from abnormal use or incorrect handling. Changes or interventions without our approval, void this warranty.

Revision history excluded Chapter 6:

Number	Version	Date	Changes	Reason
1	В	13.8.2008	Chapter 8.6 added	
2	C	10.2.2009	Chapter 8.1: Joystick with hand wheel inserted	
3	C	10.2.2009	Chapter 8.2: Trackball 2 inserted	
4	D	19.2.2009	Directives and standards updated	Directives and standards have changed
5	Е	29.6.2009	Chapter 6.5: Pin 13: Max. current added	
6	F	18.1.2010	Chapter 5 d): via PSE signal or an error	Switching off power stage via software → LED is on
7	F	18.1.2010	Chapter 7+8.6: Motor current red.: 0100%	Change in software release
8	F	18.1.2010	Chapter 7: Number of axis: Up to 4	